		Plant Categories	Ligh	t Preference	Size	e (feet)		Wat	ering				Tolerance	es		High Pe	erformers		
Scientific name	Common name		Sun	Part Shad	e Ht.	Width	L	м	H Su	ımmer	Heat	Coast	Wind	Zone 1	Zone 2	Best for irrigated sites	Best for non- irrigated sites	CA Native	Notes
Column1	Column2	Column3														Column18	Column19	Column20	Column21
Agrostis exerata	Spike bentgrass	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	✓	✓	1	1.25		✓	✓	✓		✓		✓	✓				Moist sand dunes ;adapts to shady woodlands from San Diego to Sonoma County
Bouteloua gracilis	blue grama	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	✓		1.5	1	✓				✓		✓		✓				Tolerates no summer water, good for non-irrigated remote sites. AKA= Mosquito Grass
Bromus carinatus	California brome	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	✓		2	1	✓			ok	✓		✓		✓			✓	Good for erosion control; not a good meadow grass
Carex barbarea	Santa Barbara sedge	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	✓	✓	3	2	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	Stays green w/ summer H20, moist to drought tolerant, spreading large statured sedge
0 " 1				, ,									,						Widely sold in CA as Carex tumulicola (Berkeley sedge). Native to Eurasia. Full sun along coast. Tolerates
Carex divulsa	grassland sedge	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	V	V V	1	1		V		ok		V	✓	V	V	✓			drought once established. Needs regular water in sun.
Carex nudata	California black sedge	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	√	√	2	2	√	✓		✓	√	✓		√	✓			√	Turns orange in frost, showy black flower spikes
Carex obnupta	slough sedge	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	✓	√	2	1		1	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓				✓	Some salt tolerance, drought tolerant once established. Thick, graceful, bright green stands in wetlands.
Carex pansa	dune sedge	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	✓	√	2	2		✓		✓	√	✓	√	√	✓	✓		✓	Native to Asilomar; Plug not seed planting; mow end of summer if desired.
Carex praegracilis	clustered field sedge	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	✓	✓	1.5	1.5		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	Lawn alternative, tolerates some foot traffic; summer dormant in warmer areas
Chondropetalum tectorum	small cape rush	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	✓	√	4	3			√	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓				Native to S. Africa, drought tolerant
Danthonia californica	California oat grass	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	✓	✓	1.5	1.5		✓		✓		✓		✓	✓			✓	Bunch grass, recommend plugs not seed to start, tolerates some foot traffic
Distichlis spicata	salt grass	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	✓		0.3	3		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	Looks like bermuda grass, withstands foot traffic, for soils with high salt
Festuca californica	California fescue	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	✓	√ √	2	2	✓			ok	✓	✓	✓					✓	Use only in driest areas of basin
Festuca idahoensis	Idaho fescue	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	✓	✓	1	1	✓	✓		ok	✓	✓	✓		✓			✓	Can mow. Needs light summer water at hot sites
Festuca rubra	red fescue	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	✓	✓	1	1.5		✓	✓	ok	✓	✓	✓		✓			✓	Can mow. Lawn alternative; Water conservation LDS; Bio Strips; Infiltration basins
Festuca rubra 'molate'	molate fescue	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	✓	√	1	1.5	✓	✓		ok	✓	✓	✓		✓			✓	Can mow. Lawn alternative
Juncus effusus	common rush	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	✓	✓	2.5	2.5		✓		ok		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	Forms dense clumps
Juncus pallidus	giant rush	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	✓		4	2	✓			ok	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			Evergreen, heat and drought tolerant.
Juncus patens	blue rush	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	✓		2	1		✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓		✓	Plant from plugs; Irrigate occasionally summer
Leymus triticoides	creeping wildrye	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	✓	✓	3	1	✓	✓		ok	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	Can mow 4 x yr Sub-surface H20 best. Can be aggressive in moist areas.
Muhlenbergia rigens	deergrass	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	✓		3	3	✓	✓		ok	✓				✓			✓	Evergreen, forms mounds.
Sisyrinchium bellum	blue eyed grass	Grasses and Grass-like Plants	✓	✓	1	1		✓		ok		✓	✓		✓	✓		✓	Needs occasional summer water, tolerates some foot traffic
A 1 ''' ''' '' '' '																			
Achillea millefolium	common yarrow	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	V		1.5	1	V			ok	V				V	V	V	√	Good for hot sites. Tolerates mowing, and can be used in a lawn replacement mix.
Artemisia douglasiana	mugwort	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	✓	√ √	3	3	√	√		ok	√	√	✓	√	√	√	√	√	Rhizomatous
Artemisia ludoviciana	white sagebrush	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	√	√	1.5	2	√	√		√	√	√		✓	√	√	√	√	Aromatic. Tolerates foot traffic and wide range of conditions
Asclepias fascicularis	narrowleaf milkweed	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	√	/ /	3	2	√	√	√	ok ✓	√	√			√	√	√	✓ ✓	Monarch butterfly host plant, deciduous
Darmera peltata	Indian rhubarb	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers		√	3	5			V	•					√			V	Prefers cool summers. Native to N CA, S OR; found on stream banks and in woodlands.
Epilobium canum	California fuchsia	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	✓	✓	1	4	✓			ok	✓				✓			✓	dormant in winter, best with winter mowing
Epipactis gigantea	stream orchid	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	√	√ √	3	1.5		✓	✓			✓		√	√			✓	Goes dormant with drought, salt tolerant
Fragaria chiloensis	beach strawberry	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	✓	√ ✓	0.3	2	√	√		ok		√	√					✓	Evergreen groundcover, performs well as filler at the upper edges of facility.
Heuchera micrantha	alum root	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers		√ √	2	1.5	✓	✓		✓			✓		✓			✓	Dainty white flowers
Heuchera pilosissima	hairy alum root	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers		✓ ✓	1.5	1.5	✓	✓		✓		✓			✓			✓	Tolerates sand, best at basin edges
Iris douglasiana	Douglas iris	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	✓	✓	1.5	2	✓	✓		ok	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓		✓	Also, Iris hybrids
Lilium pardalinum	leopard lily	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	✓	✓	6	4	✓	✓				✓		✓	✓			✓	Native to dry summer areas, deciduous
Lobelia cardinalis	cardinal flower	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers		✓ ✓	2	2		✓				✓			✓				Not drought tolerant, requires regular water
Lotus scoparius	deerweed	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	√		4	3	√				✓				✓			✓	Short-lived, nitrogen fixer
Mimulus aurantiacus	common monkeyflower	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	√	√	3	3	✓			ok	√				√			√	Drought tolerant, stress deciduous
Mimulus cardinalis	scarlet monkeyflower	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	√	√ ✓	3	3			√	✓	√	,		,	√			√	Aggressive seeder, needs summer water
Mimulus guttatus	seep monkeyflower	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	✓	√	3	3		✓	✓	✓	√	✓		✓	√			√	Attracts Bees, stress deciduous, needs summer water
Mirabilis multiflora	Giant four o'clock	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers		√ √	2	4	√			√	√				√			√	Best for hot sites, native to Southern California
Oenethera hookeri	Hooker's evening primrose	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	√	√	3	2	√			ok	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	Easy to establish biennial, self seeds
Polypodium californicum	California Polypody fern	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers		√ √	2	2	√			√ alı		√							Summer dormant except at coast, spreads slowly by rhizomes, frost tender
Prunella vulgaris	self heal	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	√	√	0.5	2'	√	√		ok		✓	✓	./	√			√	Somewhat drought tolerant, long flowering
Rudebeckia californica	California coneflower	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	√	√	3	2	√	✓		ok	√		./	√	√ -/			√	Native to dry summer areas, deciduous
Scaevola 'mauve clusters'	fan flower	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	✓ ✓	•	1	4	V	-/		_	√		√ √		✓ ✓				Native to Australia, sensitive to frost
Scutellaria austinae	skullcap	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers		-(1	2	√	√		√ -/	v	./	✓ ✓		✓ ✓			√ ./	Dies back in drought
Sisyrinchium californicum Verbana lasiestachus	yellow eyed grass	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	√	√	1	1		v		√ ok	-(✓	V	✓ ✓		✓	✓	√	Can be drought tolerant Attracts butterflies can be woody pignous species.
Verbena lasiostachys	Western vervain	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	√	√	2	2	√			ok	√			· ·	√ ./	V	'	√	Attracts butterflies, can be weedy pioneer species
Verbena lilacina	Cedros Island verbena	Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	✓ ✓	√	2	4	✓ ✓			ok	√	✓			√ √				Drought tolerant, best with minimal irrigation, native to Baja CA
Alyogyne huegelil Baccharis pilularis	blue hibiscus	Shrubs	· ·		8	/	· ·				√				√				Very low water after second year, Sunset zones 15-17 & 20-24, prune to encourage flowering
consanguinea	bush baccharis	Shrubs	✓		6	6	1	1		ok	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1	Fast-growing, somewhat short-lived; deer proof
	- John Dadonario			√	8	0	-/			√		✓		1	√			√	Deer resistant, deciduous. Bright green leaves, good for hedgerow/screen. Riparian areas.
Calycanthus occidentalis	western spicebush	Shrubs	✓	v	n							•							Deer resistant, deciduous. Dright green leaves, dood for nedderowischeen. Ribahan areas.

		Plant Categories	Light Preference			Size	(feet)		W	atering		Tolera			es		High Performers			
		, and the second								Ĭ										
																	Best for	Best for non-		
Scientific name	Common name		Sun	Part	Shade	Ht.	Width	L	M	Н	Summer	Heat	Coast	Wind	Zone 1	Zone 2	irrigated sites	irrigated sites	CA Native	Notes
Cornus sericera	rodtuia domuood	Chruha	/	./		-	4	./			1	/	1		/	✓			_	Deciduous, red stems for winter color, best with afternoon shade. Can cut to ground to maintain small size and red stems.
	redtwig dogwood	Shrubs Shrubs	→	-		3	4					+	√	√	·	▼			V ✓	
	seaside daisy		\ \ \ \	1	√	1	1.5		/	./	ok ✓		✓	•		✓			V ✓	Not good for dusty sites Climbing vine-like. Best in part shade. Attracts birds
	California honeysuckle	Shrubs	✓	V	✓	4	3		∨	· /	<u>√</u>		✓			V ✓			✓	3
	twinberry honeysuckle	Shrubs Shrubs	\ \ \	\ \ \	✓	6	-	/	V /	V	<u> </u>	✓	V	1	✓	V ✓			✓	Needs good drainage, Best in part shade. Attracts birds
	California holly grape	Shrubs	V	V	•	4	4	∨	∨	./	√	∨	√		∨	V ✓			✓	Slow but easy to grow Part shade and summer water required in hot locations
	pacific ninebark California coffeeberry	Shrubs	\ \ \ \	\ \ \		12	8	V	•	V	<u>√</u>	V ✓	٧	✓	•	✓	√	✓	V ✓	'Eve Case' is compact with broad foliage. Syn. Frangula californica
	redberry	Shrubs	V	✓	√	5	5	✓			•	√	√	√		▼	V	•	✓	Pea sized fruits attract birds, stain concrete
	western azalea	Shrubs	\ \ \	V /	✓	8	8	•	/	√	√	· ·	✓	•	✓	V ✓			✓	Summer deciduous
	golden current	Shrubs	\ \ \	V	•	8	3	√	√	-/	ok	√	_	√	_	▼				Easy, fall color, deciduous
	3		· ·	V ✓	√	5	5	V	✓	V		· ·	√	V ✓		V ✓			✓	Thorny, good for discouraging entry, deciduous
	coast black gooseberry	Shrubs Shrubs		V ✓	√	5	5	V	∨		ok ✓	√	√	_	√	▼	✓			Needs good air movement to avoid white fly, more drought tolerant at coast
	red flowering currant		√	V /	∨	5 Δ	Ū	∨	✓ ✓		-	✓ ✓	∨		•	✓	•		✓	Prefers only light summer water after 2nd year, stress deciduous
	fuchsia-flowered gooseberry California wild rose	Shrubs Shrubs	✓ ✓	✓	٧	3	6	ľ	✓ ✓	√	ok	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓	√	✓ ✓	✓		✓ ✓	Hooked thorns, good for discouraging entry. Shade in interior, sun at coast
			→	\ \ \	1	3	3		V /	V		V /	✓	V	· ·	V /	✓		V ✓	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	wood rose	Shrubs	√	∨	•		5		•	✓	ok ✓	· ·	∨		√	∨	V		∨	Easy to grow, thorny
'	thimbleberry	Shrubs	- V	V /	1	8	-		/	V .	<u>√</u>		✓	1	✓	V ✓			V ✓	Spreads readily in wet areas, prefers regular water
	salmonberry California blackberry	Shrubs		V	∨	8	5		∨	∨		√	∨	∨	✓	V ✓			✓	deciduous, soft spiny stems
	common snowberry	Shrubs	1	\ \ \	✓	3	5	/	V /	V .	ok ok	V /	V	V	· ·	V ✓	✓		✓	Thorny, good for discouraging entry. Harbors beneficial insects Adaptable to many conditions, try Symphoicarpos mollis at coast
3 1 1	,	Shrubs	+ ·	V	∨	4			·/	∨	UK ✓	L.	√			V ✓			✓	Best for moist shady spots near coast
	whipplevine	Shrubs Small Trees		V V	∨	0.5 20	3		V /	· /	<u>√</u>		V			V			✓	In wide riparian areas; top of slope. Avoid hot inland climates and coastal conditions/salt spray.
	vine maple seep-willow	Small Trees	√	-	•	8	10 5	√	∨	V	<u>√</u>	✓	√	√	√	▼			V ✓	Important plant for butterflies and beneficial insects.
	desert-willow	Small Trees	→			15	15	•	✓	•	<u> </u>	→	•	•	→	→	√		✓	Does best inland
	California hazel	Small Trees		✓	√	10	10		· ✓		<u> </u>	Ť	✓		✓	· ·	•		· ✓	Deciduous, edible nut
	California ash	Small Trees	√	· /	·	20	20		•		ok	1	v		· /	· /	√		→	drought tolerant, slow to establish, then fast
·	coast silktassel	Small Trees	· ·	·		12	12	√	√		ok	· /	√	√	•	· ·	•		· ·	Winter blooms. 'Evie' is compact variety. Best at coast. Afternoon shade inland, deer resistant
	toyon	Small Trees	1	· /	1	0	5	1	1			· /	<i>→</i>	•		· /			· ·	Doesn't respond well to pruning low branches, no summer water at coast
	Grecian bay	Small Trees	· ·	·	,	20	20	<i>'</i>	Ť		<u> </u>	1	·	√		· ·			·	Specify 'standard' and prune for tree form, easy
	Pacific wax myrtle	Small Trees	1	· /	√	25	12	· /	1			,	√	· /		· /			✓	Best at coast
iviyiica caiiioiTiica	raciiic wax myriie	Siliali Trees		Ť	,	20	12	·	·				,	,		,			·	Deciduous, edible fruit, attracts bees and birds, unripe fruits are poisonous but useful and common landscape
Sambucus mexicana	elderberry	Small Trees	✓	✓		20	15	✓	✓						✓	✓	✓		✓	plant
	box elder	Trees	√	√	✓	35	35	√	✓		ok	✓	√	✓	✓	✓	√		√	Tough shade tree, deciduous
- ŭ	Oregon ash	Trees	✓	✓	✓	70	40			√	√		✓		✓	✓			✓	Plant in moist areas with rich soil.
	velvet ash	Trees	√			30	45	√	✓		ok	✓		✓		✓	✓			Withstands poor drainage and drought
	tarata	Trees	✓	√		40	15	✓	✓		✓	✓		✓		✓				Shear to control height
, ,	London plane tree	Trees	√	✓		80	30		✓			√				√				Large tree, aggressive roots will lift pavement
	California sycamore	Trees	√	✓		80	30		✓	√	ok	√				√			✓	Asymmetrical shape and wide trunk when mature. Give lots of room.
	cottonwood	Trees	√	✓		80	30		√			✓				✓			√	Riparian species with limited drought tolerance. Aggressive roots will lift pavement. Give lots of room.
	coast live oak	Trees	✓	✓		60	60	√				✓	✓	✓		√			✓	Large evergreen tree, tolerant and widespread, important for wildlife, no summer water
	California grape	Vine	√	✓		10	1-3	√	✓		√	✓	√	✓	√	✓			√	Climbing vine. Best in full sun. Can be aggressive in moist area.
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Plant Categories	
Grasses and Grass-like Plants	Grass refer to those species that are monocotyledonous plants with slender-leaved herbage.
Herbaceous Perennials and Groundcovers	Herbaceous refers to those species with soft upper growth rather than woody growth. Some species
	will die back to the roots at the end of the growing season and grow again at the start of the next
	season. This list only includes those that are perennial, i.e. live for several years.
Shrubs	Shrub is a horticultural distinction that refers to those species of woody plants which are
	distinguished from trees by their multiple stems and lower height. A large number of plants can be
	either shrubs or trees, depending on the growing conditions they experience.
	Small trees refers to those species of woody plants with one main trunk and a distinct and elevated
Small Tree	head with a maximum size of 25' tall and wide.
	Tree refers to those species of woody plants with one main trunk and a rather distinct and elevated
	head with a size greater than 25' tall or wide.
Water Preference	
Water Preference-Low/Moderate/High	We have provided recommendations for irrigation. All plants should be watered with more frequency
	during the first two years after planting. After this establishment period, Low water use plants will
	only need supplemental irrigation at the hottest and driest sites. Plants with Moderate irrigation
	needs will be best with occasional supplemental water (once per week to once per month) and
	plants with High irrigation needs will be best with more frequent watering especially during periods of
	drought in the cooler seasons.
Water Preference-Summer Irrigation	Plants with a check in this column will not withstand a long period of summer drought without
	irrigation. Plants with an 'ok' in this column are tolerant of, but do not require, frequent summer
	irrigation. Plants with nothing in this column may not tolerate summer irrigation after establishment.
Ot T. I	
Stress Tolerance	A short in the best selected and indicates that the plant will talent be taken by the best described and be seen and
l olerates Heat	A check in the heat column indicates that the plant will tolerate hot sites. It should not be confused
	with a plants preference for sun. Absence of the check indicates it should only be used in areas
Toloretes Coast	close to the Bay or other cool sites.
l olerates Coast	The coast column indicates plants that perform well within 1,000 feet of the ocean or bay. Most of
Televates Wind	these plants tolerate some amount of salt air, fog, and wind. A check in the wind column means that the plant will tolerate winds of ten miles per hour or more.
	Plants that tolerate Zone 1 are common riparian, wetland and bog plants capable of surviving in
Zone i	saturated soils for long durations throughout the year. Most of these plants are not drought tolerant
	and require some water throughout the growing season.
Zone 2	Plants that tolerate Zone 2 are common in riparian/upland transition areas, moist woodlands, and
Zone z	seasonal wetlands. They are capable of surviving in saturated soils for shorter durations especially
	in the winter or spring. Many of these plants tolerate summer drought but could benefit from some
	vear-round moisture.
High Performers	Jour Tourid Motorial.
	These plants have been used successfully in irrigated bioretention areas in the Bay Area.
	These plants have been used successfully in non-irrigated bioretention areas in the Bay Area.
	Temporary irrigation for establishment is highly recommended.
Origin	
	Indicates native or cultivar of California native. Cultivars offer habitat benefits to native wildlife and
	are adapted to the local climate but have reduced genetic diversity.
	les and an arrangement and arrangement and arrangement.